First Flush 2019 Water Quality Results



Presentation to: San Mateo RCD Board February 20, 2020

Resource Conservation District

Non-Regulatory Technical Assistance



Water



Climate



Wildlife



Agriculture



What is First Flush?

- First big rain of the season
- Freshwater runoff enters creeks, storm drains, and the ocean
- High pollution





Why is First Flush So Polluted?

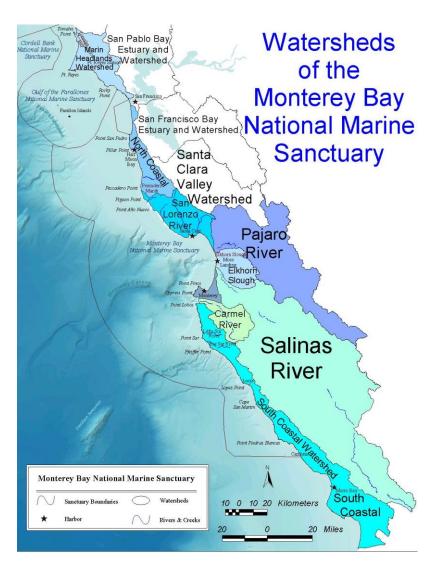


Why Do We Care? Why Do We Do This?

- Helps identify what pollutants are of greatest concern and where
- Establishes a continuous and consistent water quality dataset
- Provides information to support water quality improvements
- Allows informed management
- Good stewardship!



First Flush Partners













Volunteers!

Rely completely on volunteer involvement. Thank you to all our volunteers!

Citizen science

Conduct training to teach protocol

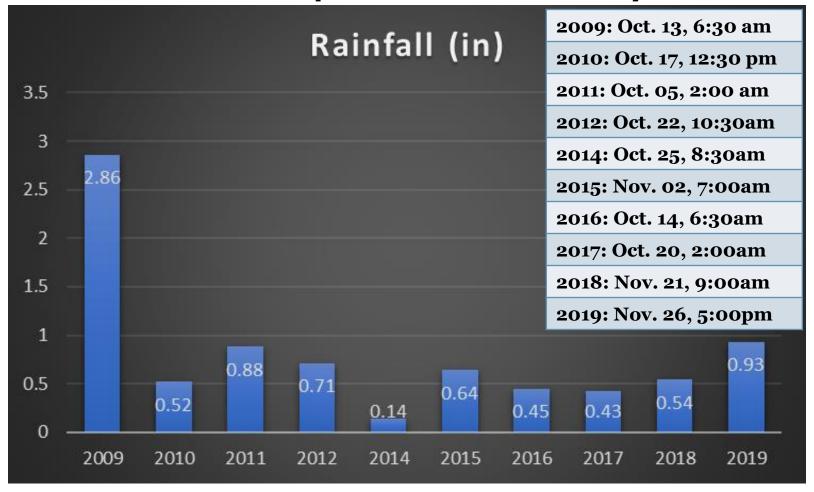








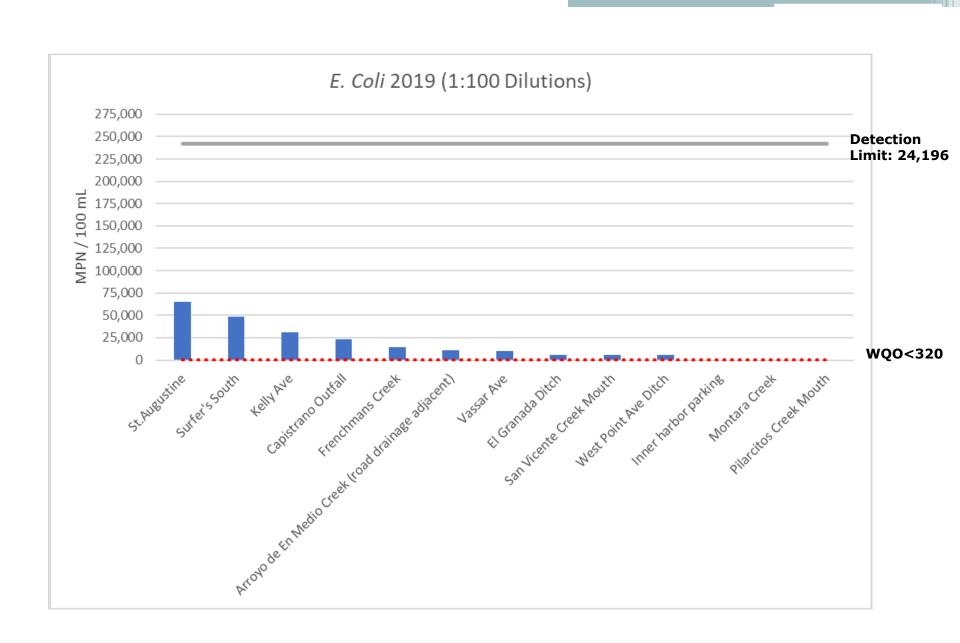
First Flush Precipitation History



Rain Decides!
This year was November 26

What did we test for?

Pollutant	Potential Sources	Effects
Fecal <u>Indicator</u> Bacteria (E.Coli, Enterococcus)	Feces of warm blooded animals (Humans, dogs, horses, etc.)	Indicator for pathogens that can harm human health
Nutrients(Nitrate, Orthophosphate)	Fertilizers, pesticides, detergents	Ecosystem and recreation impacts
Metals (Copper, Zinc, Lead)	Gutters/roofs, brake pads, tires, industrial waste, paint, fires	Human health impacts, reduced reproduction and mortality of marine organisms
Total Suspended Solids	Construction, erosion, agricultural runoff, fires	Marine organism impacts (ex: respiratory effects in aquatic organisms)
Physical Measurements: Electrical conductivity, Water temperature, observations	Rain influenced, minerals (salts),	Conductivity tells us if we captured the rain. High temperatures have ecological impacts, observations give context to data



Site tour

Now we know what we look for.

Lets see where we collected data and what we found:

First Flush 2019 Site and Results Tour

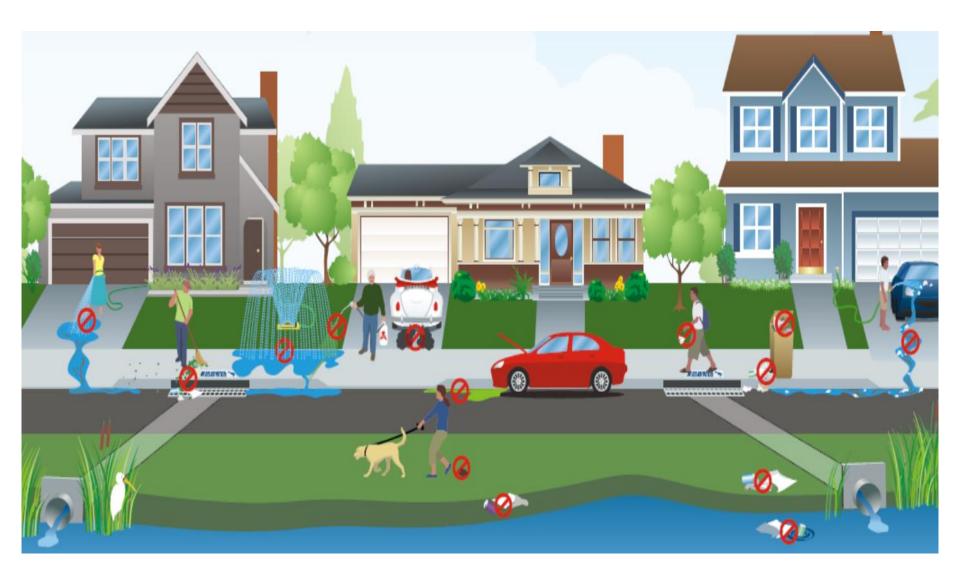
2019 Pollutant Summary

• Pollutants are compared to Water Quality Objectives (WQOs) which are the upper limits of recommended ranges

Which contaminants were above and below their Water Quality Objectives:

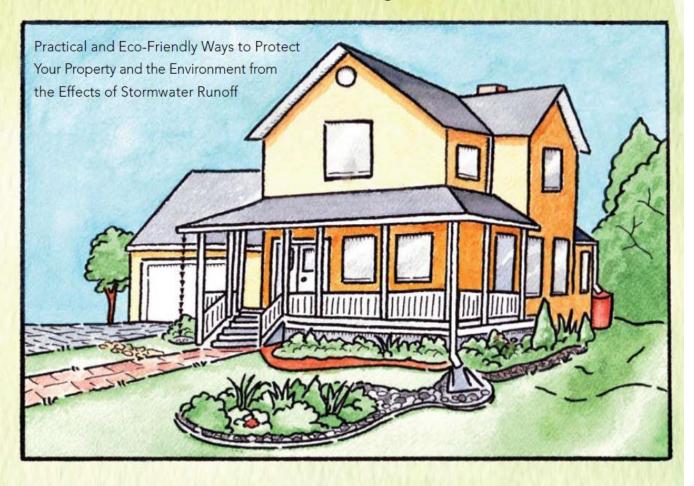
FIB All sites (but Montara and Pilarcitos)	Phosphorous All but (Montara and Pilarcitos)	Zinc Capistrano and Arroyo		Copper Capistrano, Vassar, Kelly, Arroyo	Bad
	Nitrogen All but Capistrano	Lead All Sites	TSS All Sites	Conductivity All Sites	Good

What can you do?



Slow it. Spread it. Sink it!

A Homeowner's Guide to Greening Stormwater Runoff



What can you do?

Collect your roof water in a RAIN BARREL.



Cost: LOW Installation difficulty: EASY See page 24

Install a WATERBAR on your driveway.



Cost: MODERATE
Installation difficulty: INTERMEDIATE
See page 35

Plant a RAIN GARDEN in your landscape.



Cost: LOW to MODERATE
Installation difficulty: EASY to INTERMEDIATE
See page 27

Use PERVIOUS PAVERS when renovating your patio.



Cost: MODERATE - HIGH
Installation difficulty: INTERMEDIATE
See page 30

Next Steps



- Raise Awareness
- Distribute Data
- Recruit for Next Year

Continue First Flush and other education/outreach initiatives (FY20-FY22)

SAM Estimate=\$20,000 for 3 years= \$60,000 total PPH Estimate = \$10,000 for 3 year= \$30,000 total

Thank you!

Questions?

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