SAN MATEO COUNTY RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT HALF MOON BAY, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

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R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors San Mateo County Resource Conservation District Half Moon Bay, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District, as of June 30, 2017 and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors
San Mateo County Resource Conservation District – Page 2

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-6) and the required supplementary information (page 15), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California May 1, 2019

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's (the "District") Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements. The MD&A is presented for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Introduction to the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's audited financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements. This annual report is prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for States and Local Governments. The Single Governmental Program for Special Purpose Governments reporting model is used which best represents the activities of the District.

The required financial statements include the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements; Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet; Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances; and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types.

These statements are supported by notes to the basic financial statements. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the District.

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements comprise the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the District's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the District's activities as a whole, and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the District as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all of the District's revenues and all of its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of the District's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the District's activities are grouped into Government Activities, as explained below.

The Fund Financial Statements report the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the District's General Fund and other Major Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts.

Major Funds account for the major financial activities of the District and are presented individually. Major Funds are explained below.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – The District's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. These services are supported by general District revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as government grants and service charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the District's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major Funds, and the determination of which are Major Funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually; the District has no Non-major Funds. Major Funds present the major activities of the District for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the District's activities.

In the District's case, the General Fund is the only Major Governmental Fund.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Comparisons of Budget and Actual financial information are presented for the General Fund.

Governmental Activities

	2017	2016		
Assets Cash and investments Other assets Total assets	\$ 563,655 970,667 1,534,322	\$ 574,290 560,231 1,134,521		
Liabilities Accounts payable Other liabilities Total liabilities	283,286 820,419 1,103,705	217,137 628,339 845,476		
Net Position Unrestricted Total net position	\$\frac{430,617}{\$430,617}	289,045 \$ 289,045		

The District's net position was \$430,617 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The following table summarizes the District's change in net position at June 30:

Revenues	·	uly 1, 2016 through ne 30, 2017	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016		
Program revenues: Operating grants and contracts Mitigation funds and fines	\$	2,967,645	\$	2,412,560 4,432	
General revenues: Taxes and other Total revenues		114,857 3,082,502		118,015 2,535,007	
Program expenses Resource conservation Total expenses	_	2,940,930 2,940,930		2,439,417 2,439,417	
Change in net position	\$	141,572	\$	95,590	

Government Activities

For the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, the total District revenues were \$3,082,502. The total District expenses were \$2,940,930. The difference of \$141,572 is the increase in net position bringing the total net position at June 30, 2017 to \$430,617. The main source of revenue for the District is grant revenue and contracts. The amount our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes and assessments was \$70,652.

Capital Assets

The District does not maintain any capital assets.

Debt Administration

The District does not utilize long term debt to fund operations or growth.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's General Fund operating budget for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 was adopted by the Governing Board. As adopted, projected expenditures totaled \$3,943,819. Budgeted revenues totaled \$4,018,839 with revenues projected to be over expenditures by approximately \$75,020. Please refer to page 15 of this report for actual amounts and related variances.

Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives

Financial planning is based on specific assumptions from recent trends, State of California economic forecasts and historical growth patterns in the various communities served by the District.

The economic condition of the District as it appears on the balance sheet reflects financial stability and the potential for organizational growth. The District will continue to maintain a watchful eye over expenditures and remain committed to sound fiscal management practices.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director at San Mateo County Resource Conservation District, 625 Miramontes Street, Half Moon Bay, California 94019.

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2017

	General Fund		Adjustments (Note 3)		Statement of Net Position	
ASSETS	<u> </u>		(11016 3)	<u> </u>	Tivet I osition	
Cash and investments	\$	563,655	\$	- \$	563,655	
Grant receivable		969,367		-	969,367	
Deposits		1,300		-	1,300	
Total assets		1,534,322		<u> </u>	1,534,322	
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		283,286		-	283,286	
Accrued expenses		71,832		-	71,832	
Refundable advances		705,394		-	705,394	
Compensated absences		43,193			43,193	
Total liabilities		1,103,705			1,103,705	
FUND BALANCES / NET ASSETS						
Fund balances:						
Assigned		430,617	(430,61	7)		
Total fund balances		430,617	(430,61	7)	_	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,534,322				
Net Position:						
Unrestricted			430,61	<u>7</u> _	430,617	
Total net position			\$ 430,61	<u>7</u> \$	430,617	

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		General Fund	Adjustments (Note 4)		atement of Activities
Expenditures/expenses:					
Resource conservation	\$	2,940,930	\$ -	\$	2,940,930
Total expenditures/expenses		2,940,930			2,940,930
Program revenues:					
Operating grants and contracts		2,967,645			2,967,645
Net program expense	_	(26,715)		_	(26,715)
General revenues:					
Property taxes		70,652	_		70,652
Contributions		18,911	_		18,911
Interest		361	-		361
Other	_	24,933	-		24,933
Total general revenues	_	114,857			114,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		141,572	(141,572)		-
Changes in net position		-	141,572		141,572
Fund balance/net position at July 1, 2016		289,045			289,045
Fund balance/net position at June 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	430,617	\$ -	\$	430,617

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

A. Organization and Description

The San Mateo County Resource Conservation District (the District) was formed under California Soil Conservation District Law popular election and approved by the San Mateo County Board of Supervisors on October 10, 1939. The function of the District is to provide a soil and water conservation program within its geographical boundaries.

B. Accounts and Records

Custodianship of the District's accounts and records are vested with the District. Assessment of property and collection of tax receipts for the District is provided by the County of San Mateo. The Board further authorized check signatory to a designated board member and the executive director.

C. Accounting Policies

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures recommended by the State of California. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

(1) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report on the District as a whole. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the District's function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with the District's function. Program revenues include grant revenue and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental fund of the District (balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances).

(2) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

C. Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Net Position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund Equity

The accompanying financial statements reflect certain changes that have been made with respect to the reporting of the components of fund balances for governmental funds. In previous years, fund balances for governmental funds were reported in accordance with previous standards that included components for reserved fund balance, unreserved fund balance, designated fund balance, and undesignated fund balance. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the components of the fund balances of governmental funds now reflect the component classifications described below. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are reported in the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable</u> fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or supplies inventories, or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> fund balance includes amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by outside parties (i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors) or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> fund balance includes amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself, as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors serves as the District's highest level of decision-making authority and has the authority to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment via minutes action.

<u>Assigned</u> fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, subject to change, as established either directly by the Board of Directors or by management officials to whom assignment authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification that includes spendable amounts in the General Fund that are available for any purpose.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, the District specifies that restricted revenues will be applied first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (concluded)

C. Accounting Policies (concluded)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The District only has one major fund, the General Fund, which is used to account for all financial resources.

(3) Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The District normally adopts an annual budget on or before June 30 for the ensuing fiscal year. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- (1) Legally adopted annual budgets and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund only.
- (2) The budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.
- (3) Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by adjustments authorized during the year. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year, which were contingent upon new or additional revenue sources and re-appropriated amounts for prior year encumbrances.
- (4) Budget appropriations for the various governmental funds become effective each July 1. The Board of Directors may amend the budget during the fiscal year.
- (5) Appropriations were under budgeted amounts by \$1,002,889.

NOTE 2 - <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

		Investment
	Carrying Value	Rating
Cash in First National Bank	\$ 563,655	N/A

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

NOTE 3 - <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u>

Since the District's funds statements mirror the government-wide statements (i.e., no reconciling items for capital assets, long term debts, etc.), reconciliation statements have not been presented as a part of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 4 - <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES,</u> <u>EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u>

Since the District's funds statements mirror the government-wide statements (i.e., no reconciling items for capital assets, long term debts, etc.), reconciliation statements have not been presented as a part of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 5 - GRANT RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2017:

Water Quality Management	\$	50,960
Rural Roads		6,768
Integrated Watershed Restoration Program		14,219
Fisheries Restoration Grant Program		31,166
IWRP – Butano Floodplain		100,732
Climate Mitigation		16,739
Pescadero Integrated Fisheries Restoration		58,962
Program Development		35,180
Drought Relief		618,195
All other grant receivables		36,446
Total grant receivable	<u>\$</u>	969,367

NOTE 6 - <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

Compensated absences comprise of unused vacation leave, which are accrued as earned. Compensated absences are recognized as a liability of the District. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded as fund liabilities; the long-term portion is recorded in the statement of net position. The District does not anticipate paying out any portion of the compensated absences within a year. Therefore, compensated absences are classified as long-term liabilities.

The compensated absences balance was \$43,193 as of June 30, 2017.

The net change of compensated absences is as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ 30,742
Additions	 12,451
Ending balance	\$ 43,193

NOTE 7 - REFUNDABLE ADVANCES

The District has been awarded operational grants and contracts from multiple funding sources to provide comprehensive, integrated services for all aspects of natural resource management. These grants and contracts are considered to be an exchange transaction. Accordingly, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as incurred. At June 30, 2017, the balance in the refundable advances for grants and contracts was \$705,394.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX LEVY, COLLECTION AND MAXIMUM RATES

The State of California (the "State") Constitution Article XIIIA provides that the combined Maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value unless voters have approved an additional amount. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIIIA and may be increased by no more than 2% per year unless the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a 1% tax levy among counties, cities, school districts and other districts. Counties, cities, school districts and other districts may levy such additional tax as is necessary to provide for voter approved debt service.

The County of San Mateo assesses properties, and bills and collects property taxes as follows:

	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation dates	March 1	March 1
Lien/levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1	Upon receipt of billing
	50% on February 1	
Delinquent as of	December 10 (for	August 31
	November)	
	April 10 (for February)	

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on property not secured by liens on real property. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternative method" of property tax distribution, known as the Teeter Plan, by the District and the County of San Mateo. The Teeter Plan authorizes the auditor/controller of the County of San Mateo to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX LEVY, COLLECTION AND MAXIMUM RATES (concluded)

The County of San Mateo remits tax monies to the District in installations as follows:

5% remitted in July 75% remitted in September, includes advance 15% remitted in May 5% remitted in June

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District manages risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related joint powers agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member government entities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the District's responsibility.

The District maintained insurance coverage for liability up to \$2,500,000, property up to \$1,000,000,000 per occurrence, automobile physical damage up to \$2,500,000 per occurrence, Public Officials and Employees Errors and Omissions up to \$2,500,000 per occurrence and Workers' Compensation up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence through the Special District Risk Management Authority (a public entity risk pool) and underwritten by various insurance companies.

Financial statements for the risk pool may be obtained from SDRMA, 1112 I Street, Suite 300, Sacramento, CA 95814.

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

						•	Variance
	Budgeted Amounts						with
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues:							
Operating grants and contracts	\$	3,843,339	\$	3,843,339	\$ 2,967,645	\$	(875,694)
Property taxes		55,000		55,000	70,652		15,652
Contributions		10,000		10,000	18,911		8,911
Interest		500		500	361		(139)
Miscellaneous income		110,000		110,000	 24,933		(85,067)
Total revenues		4,018,839		4,018,839	 3,082,502		(936,337)
Expenditures:							
Resource conservation		3,943,819		3,943,819	 2,940,930		1,002,889
Total expenditures		3,943,819		3,943,819	 2,940,930		1,002,889
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	75,020	\$	75,020	141,572	\$	66,552
Fund balance, beginning of period					 289,045		
Fund balance, end of period					\$ 430,617		

SAN MATEO COUNTY RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS & MANAGEMENT REPORT

For the Year Ended JUNE 30, 2017

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R. J. RICCIARDI, INC.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors San Mateo County Resource Conservation District Half Moon Bay, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District for the period year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's basic financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, as defined above. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

During our audit, we noted certain matters involving internal controls and other operational matters that are presented for your consideration in this report. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, are not intended to be all-inclusive, but rather represent those matters that we considered worthy of your consideration. Our comments and recommendations are submitted as constructive suggestions to assist you in strengthening controls and procedures; they are not intended to reflect on the honesty or integrity of any employee. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist San Mateo County Resource Conservation District in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We thank San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's staff for its cooperation during our audit.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California May 1, 2019

R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors San Mateo County Resource Conservation District Half Moon Bay, California

We have audited the basic financial statements of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District for the year ended June 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 13, 2017, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of San Mateo County Resource Conservation District. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by San Mateo County Resource Conservation District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by San Mateo County Resource Conservation District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accounting estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Accrual and disclosure of compensated absences.
- Fair Value of investments and financial instruments.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements (Audit Adjustments)

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, of the 5 audit adjustments detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management most were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 1, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the San Mateo County Resource Conservation District and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District BOARD OF DIRECTORS & MANAGEMENT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Current Year Observations

1) Quarterly Payroll Tax Return Reconciliation

Observation:

During the course of the audit, we noted San Mateo County Resource Conservation District's (the District) payroll tax returns were not reconciled to the general ledger on a quarterly basis.

Recommendation:

We recommend the District reconcile the payroll tax returns to the general ledger on a quarterly basis.

2) Accrued Payroll Expenditures

Observation:

During the course of the audit, we noted the District's year end payroll was not reviewed, analyzed and adjusted to the appropriate general ledger payroll liabilities accounts.

Recommendation:

We recommend the District review accrued payroll and payroll liabilities at year end and make sure to adjust the unpaid amounts at year end to the appropriate liabilities accounts.

3) Accrued Compensated Absences

Observation:

During the course of the audit, we noted the District's year end compensated absences schedule was not reviewed, analyzed and adjusted to the appropriate general ledger liabilities accounts.

Recommendation:

We recommend the District maintain an employee compensated absences schedule and reconcile this to the general ledger on a quarterly basis.

4) Authorized Signatures on Timesheets

Observation:

During the course of the audit, we noted that the submitted timesheets were not signed by employees or by their supervisors. The District uses spreadsheets to capture time for each employee on a monthly basis.

Recommendation:

We recommend the District require employees to print and sign their timesheets before submission. We also recommend employee time sheets be initialed and approved by their supervisors.

San Mateo County Resource Conservation District <u>BOARD OF DIRECTORS & MANAGEMENT REPORT</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prior Year Observations

There were no prior year observations.